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Leghorn, May 5. N. S. We hear no more of the Algerine Men of War, who were lately cruising in these Seas; and Count *Harach*, the Emperor's Minister, intends to depart hence for *Spain* with the first fair Wind. Two Genoese Galleys are come in here, being bound to *Palermo*.

Genoua, May 5. By several Vessels from *Provence* we understand, that they are fitting out 30 Galleys at *Marseilles*, and several Men of War at *Toulon*, which are said to be designed for the Coast of *Catalonia*.

Venice, May 10. They use here great diligence to hasten away another Convoy to the *Levant*; 'Tis expected the next Letters from the *Morea* will give an account, that the Venetian Fleet is gone to Sea. Colonel *Richardi*, who is going to serve in the Venetian Army, as one of their Principal Ingeniers, is arrived here from *England*.

Warsaw, May 11. The time of the Election being now near at hand, the Senators and other great Men begin to arrive here with very numerous Retinues; Great Parties are making for choosing a Mareschal or Speaker of the Dyet, which is like to occasion a warm Dispute, there being several Prerenders. The Emperor's Ambassador is daily expected. The last Letters from *Lembergh* give an account, That Matters were finally adjusted with the Confederated Forces, who were to receive a Sum of Money for their Arrears, and to take a new the Oath of Fidelity to the Republick, and of Obedience to the Orders of the Crown General; This Agreement was to be put in execution as this day, after which the Crown General will return hither.

Vienna, May 15. The Imperial Regiments are on their march towards *Baya*, the Place appointed for their Rendezvous; Count *Guido* of *Starremberg* went hence two days ago, to command a Flying Camp near *Peter-Waradin*; and the Elector of *Saxony* and Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy* intend to go the next week to the Army, which, it's said, will be formed, and in a posture to march, by the end of this month. Letters from *Constantinople* of the 31th of *March* advise, That the Ottoman Fleet designed against the Moscovites, and consisting of 5 Men of War, 24 Galleys, several small Frigats, and a great number of other Vessels with Soldiers on board them, were gone to the *Black Sea*; The Turks being very apprehensive of the further progresses of the Czar, who has made mighty preparations for this Campagne. They write from *Warsaw*, that the Negotiation goes on successfully for breaking the Confederacy of the Forces in *Poland*, to the great disappointment of those who have earnestly endeavoured to support it, and particularly of the French Ambassador; All the Provincial Dyets of that Kingdom have taken Resolutions in favour of Prince *James*, except some few who were influenced by the Primate; The same Letters say, that the Friends of the Prince of *Conti* endeavoured to hinder the Meeting of the Nobility on Horseback at the time and place of Election, but had not been able to succeed therein.

Francfort, May 22. The Forces of the Allies continue to assemble near *Hailbron*, and the French near *Neustadt*; They lie as yet cantoned in the Villages; but may now in few days form their Camps. Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* is expected at *Hailbron* in the beginning of the next week. The Mareschal *de Choiseul* arrived the 13th of this month at *Strasbourg*; The Army he is to command on the *Rhine* will not consist of above 22000 Foot and 6000 Horse.

Cologne, May 24. The Forces of *Zell* and *Hanover*, who were going to join the Confederate Army on the *Upper-Rhine*, and arrived the 21th of this month in the Neighbourhood of *Francfort*, are ordered towards *Flanders*, and now on their march thither; as are likewise the Troops of the Landtgrave of *Hesse* from their Quarters near *Mayence*.

Hamburgh, May 24. Two *Holstein* Regiments, consisting of 880 Men each, passed the *Elbe* several days ago, and march with great diligence towards *Flanders*. The Duke of *Holstein-Gottorp* is at *Rheinbeck*, much indisposed with a Feavourish Distemper. The King of *Denmark* is expected the next week in *Holstein*.

Paris, May 24. We have an account from *Flanders*, that *Ath* was invested the 16th at 5 in the morning; The same day 16000 Pioneers, 1800 Wagons, and 70 Pieces of Cannon, were sent thither from *Tournay*; 5000 Pioneers with more Wagons from *Valenciennes*; and divers Pieces of heavy Cannon for Battery from *Douay*. 'Tis said here, that the Trenches were to be opened the 21th, that Monsieur *Vauban* has the Conduct of the Attacks, which are made on the side of the *Brussels* Gate, and that he proposes to take the Town in 10 or 12 days. The Advices from *Catalonia* say, the French Army was ready to march, and that they talked very much of the Siege of *Barcelona*, in which they are to be assisted by Sea, by the French Galleys, from *Marseilles*, and several Men of War from *Toulon*. The last Account we have of the Squadrons commanded by Marquis *Nesmond* and the Sieur *Magnon*, is, that the first was still at *Belle-Isle*, and the other in the Road of *Rochelle*. They are fitting but several Ships at *Brest* and *Rochefort*.

Mechlen, May 23. The King came hither this Evening from *Breda*, and His Majesty intends to be at *Hall* to morrow; where the two Armies commanded by the Elector of *Bavaria* and Prince *Vaudemont*, are to join together.

Brussels, May 26. 'Tis difficult to have certain Advices from *Ath*, the Enemy being possessed of all the Passages about the place; What we hear by several Deserters is, that the Trenches were not opened till the 24th, and the Cannon had not yet begun to play from their Batteries. We hear that the Forces of *Hanover* and *Hesse* are coming this way.

From His Majesty's Camp at Heringhe *near* St. Quintin-Linnock, May 27. On the 23d Instant the Artillery with the Heavy Baggage was ordered from our Camp at *Bois Seigneur Isaac* to *Brussels*, by the way of *Waterlo* and *Bois de Soignies*; The 24th the Army marched by *Braine le Chasteau* to *Hall*, where they passed the *Senne* over two Bridges, and encamped with the Right near *St. Pierre* towards *St. Quentin-Linnock*, and the Left along the way to *Anderleck*; All the *Brandenberg* Cavalry and Dragoons joined us in our march, as also Count *Serclaes de Tilly* with the *Liege* Cavalry, the Foot being some days behind; We received a Reinforcement of 10 Battalions commanded by Lieutenant General *Cleberne*, 5 of which came from *Namur*, and the rest from *Liege* and *Maestricht*. The King arrived the same day in the Camp from *Mechlen*; and all our Artillery (which came up from *Brussels*) was fired thrice round, for His Majesty's arrival. The 15th the Army commanded by the Elector of *Bavaria* incamped between *Osleghem* and *Asch*, having made this march in 3 days from *Dendse*, by *Ghent*, *Dendermonde*, and *Alost*, and in the Afternoon his Electoral Highness waited on His Majesty at *Hall*. The 26th the Army marched from *Hall* towards *St. Quintin-Linbeck*, and the same day the Elector marched upon the Left, as we had done upon the Right, and came to *Ternat*; and in the Afternoon His Majesty went to visit his Electoral Highness, and to see the Forces; We are now 119 Battalions and 280 Squadron of Horse and Dragoons, which amount to near 100000 effective Men: Our Right stretches beyond *Ternat*, and our Left to *Elingen*, with *St. Quintin-Linnock* in the Rear, and *Lembeck* in our Front. The Enemy at the same time have all their Forces about *Aeth*, except a small Body which Count *Tillard* commands between the Quality.